Strand	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7
Scientific attitudes	 WSN.1 know how to talk about what they see (P) 	 WSR.1 know how to ask questions to find out more (P) WSR.2 know how to articulate ideas in full sentences (P) 	 WS1.1 know how to ask simple questions (P) WS1.2 know how to talk about what they have found out using simple scientific language (P) 	 WS2.1 know how to ask simple questions about what they notice (P) and recognise that they can be answered in different ways (D) WS2.2 know how to communicate their ideas in a variety of ways to others using simple scientific vocabulary (D) 	 WS3.1 know how to draw simple conclusions and use some scientific language to talk about what they have found out (D) WS3.2 know how to decide which types of scientific enquiry are likely to be the best ways of answering questions through conversations with others 	 WS4.1 know how to draw simple conclusions and use some scientific language to write about what they have found out (D) WS4.2 know how to decide independently which types of scientific enquiry are likely to be the best ways of answering questions (D) 	 WS5.1 know how to answer scientific questions using different types of scientific enquiry (D) 	 WS6.1 know how to answer scientific questions using different types of scientific enquiry in the most appropriate ways (D) 	 WS7.1 know how scientific theories change over time (S)
	 WSN.2 know how to use simple scientific vocabulary in their talk (D) 	 WSR.3 know how to use scientific vocabulary in their talk (D) 	 WS1.3 know how to read and spell scientific vocabulary at a level consistent with their increasing word reading and spelling knowledge at Year 1 (S) 	• WS2.3 know how to read and spell scientific vocabulary at a level consistent with their increasing word reading and spelling knowledge at Year 2 (S)	(D) • WS3.3 know how to read and spell scientific vocabulary correctly and with confidence, using their growing word reading and spelling knowledge at Year 3 (S)	 WS4.3 know how to read and spell scientific vocabulary correctly and with confidence, using their growing word reading and spelling knowledge at Year 4 (S) 	 WS5.2 know how to read, spell and pronounce scientific vocabulary correctly at Year 5 (S) 	 WS6.2 know how to read, spell and pronounce scientific vocabulary correctly at Year 6 (S) 	 WS7.2 know and use the terms: accuracy, precision, repeatability and reproducibility (D)
Planning	 WSN.3 know how to ask simple who, what and why questions (P) 	 WSR.4 know how to use and understand questions such as 'who; why; when; where and how' (P) 	• WS1.4 know how to ask simple scientific questions (P)	 WS2.4 know how to ask simple questions about what they notice and recognise that they can be answered in different ways (D) 	• WS3.4 know how to ask relevant questions and decide with others which different types of scientific enquiries could be used to answer them (D)	 WS4.4 know how to ask relevant questions and decide independently which different types of scientific enquiries could be used to answer them (D) 			 WS7.3 develop lines of enquiry (D) WS7.4 make predictions using scientific understanding (D)

KEY KNOWLEDGE PROGRESSION DOCUMENT – Science (Working Scientifically)

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Strand	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7
		ALC: NO			• WS3.5 know how to set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests with others (D)	• WS4.5 know how to set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests independently (D)	• WS5.3 know how to plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising variables (D)	 WS6.3 know how to plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary (D) 	 WS7.5 identify independent, dependent and controlled variables (D)
Observing and measuring during practical activities		WSR.5 know some simple scientific equipment (S)	• WS1.5 know how to use simple equipment safely with appropriate support (P)	• WS2.5 know how to use simple equipment safely with reduced support (P)					
		 WSR.6 know some simple ways of recording information, (e.g. bug hunt) (S) 	 WS1.6 know how to gather and record data (with appropriate support) to help in answering questions (P) WS1.7 know how to identify and classify findings with appropriate support (D) 	 WS2.6 know how to gather and record data (with reduced support) to help in answering questions (D) WS2.7 know how to identify and classify findings with reduced support (D) 	 WS3.6 know how to make systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, take measurements (with support), using standard units, a range of equipment safely, including thermometers (P) WS3.7 know how to gather, record and classify data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions (D) 	 WS4.6 know how to make systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, take measurements, using standard units, a range of equipment safely, including thermometers and data loggers (P) WS4.7 know how to gather, record and classify and present data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions (D) 	 WS5.4 know how to take measurements, using a range of scientific equipment safely, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings where appropriate (P) WS5.5 know how to record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, scatter graphs, bar graphs (P) 	 WS6.4 know how to take measurements, using a range of scientific equipment safely, with accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings where appropriate (P) WS6.5 record data and results of increasing complexity using classification keys, tables, line graphs (P) 	 WS7.6 choose and use appropriate techniques and wider range of scientific equipment (D) WS7.7 use a wid range of method to make and record measurements (D) WS7.8 apply sampling techniques (D)

Strand	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7
		7	WS1.8 know how to perform simple tests with appropriate support (P)	• WS2.8 know how to perform simple tests with reduced support (P)		154			WS7.9 have a knowledge of risk assessments during practical work (D)
Analysis	 WSN.4 know how to talk about what is happening (P) 	 WSR.7 know how to make simple observations, explain why some things occur, and talk about changes (D) WSR.8 know how to describe events in order (P) 	 WS1.9 know how to use their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions (D) WS1.10 know how to explain what they have found (D) 	 WS2.9 know how to use their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions and what they could do next (D) WS2.10 know how to explain what they have found and how they found it (D) 	 WS3.8 know how to report on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations (D) WS3.9 know how to use results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions with the support of others (D) 	 WS4.8 know how to report on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions (D) WS4.9 know how to use results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions independently (D) 	 WS5.6 know how to report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions and causal relationships, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations (D) 	 WS6.6 know how to report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations (D) 	 WS7.10 know how to explain data using scientific understanding (D) WS7.11 know how to use simple statistical techniques, including means of data (P)
			7 4	1.	 WS3.10 know how to use straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings (D) 				

KEY KNOWLEDGE PROGRESSION DOCUMENT – Science (Working Scientifically)

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Strand	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7
		A Star	No.		 WS3.11 know how to record findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams and tables (P) 	 WS4.10 know how to record findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts, and tables (P) 	 WS5.7 know how to present data using a variety of scatter graphs and line graphs (P) 	 WS6.7 know how to present data using a variety of graphs (P) 	 WS7.12 know how to present data in appropriate methods (tables, bar charts, line graphs) (P) WS7.13 know how to identify patterns in data to draw conclusions (D)
					 WS3.12 know how to identify differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes (D) 		WS5.8 know how to support or refute ideas or arguments using scientific evidence (D)		
Evaluating		The second	No.		 WS3.13 know how to use results to suggest improvements and raise further questions with the support of others (D) 	 WS4.11 know how to use results to suggest improvements and raise further questions independently (D) 	 WS5.9 know how to use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests (D) WS5.10 know how to discuss the degree of trust in results (D) 		 WS7.14 evaluate data, including potential random and systematic errors (D) WS7.15 identify further questions arising from results (D)
Measurements	 WSN.5 know the words; full, empty, long, short, fast, slow (S) 	WSR.9 know the difference between; full, empty, long, short, fast, slow (S)	• WS1.11 use standard units appropriate for Year 1 (P)	• WS2.11 use standard units appropriate for Year 2 (P)	• WS3.14 use standard units appropriate for Year 3 (P)	 WS4.12 use standard units appropriate for Year 4 (P) 	 WS5.11 use standard units appropriate for Year 5 (P) 	 WS6.8 use standard units appropriate for Year 6 (P) 	 WS7.16 using a range of standard units when measuring (P)

Strand	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7
		<u>.</u>		Curriculum E	nd Points				
he KKPDs are the input t	o the curriculum. The cu	irriculum end points are th	he output. Curriculum e	end points capture the l	knowledge, skills and un	derstanding that childre	n should have at the er	nd of each year. They bu	ild progressively ove
me so that children leave	e Year 6 well-prepared f	or the next stage of educa	ation as competent and	l capable scientist.					
or subject leaders, they p	provide a clear overview	of the end of year expect	ations for each year gr	oup, which will support	the planning and assess	sment of the curriculum.			
or teachers, they provide	e further clarity around v	what children should be al	ble to do at the end of	each year, using the kno	owledge they have gaine	ed from being taught the	e KKPDs. They support t	eachers to plan activities	that help to develo
hildren as effective scien	tists. They should be use	ed to check what children	know and how well the	ey can apply this knowle	edge across the curriculu	um.			
or children, they ensure	that they receive an equ	uitable curriculum which g	ives them the substant	tive, procedural and disc	ciplinary knowledge nee	ded to be successful in t	heir future studies.		
nd points are taken from	the National Curriculur	n Teacher Assessment Fra	mework for Key Stage	1 (https://assets.publisl	ning.service.gov.uk/gove	ernment/uploads/syster	n/uploads/attachment	data/file/1125249/2018	
9 teacher assessment	frameworks at the end	d of key stage 1.pdf) and	d Key Stage 2 (https://a	assets.publishing.service	e.gov.uk/government/u	ploads/system/uploads/	/attachment_data/file/:	1119094/2018-	
19_teacher_assessment_t	frameworks_at_the_end	d_of_key_stage_2.pdf).							



KEY KNOWLEDGE PROGRESSION DOCUMENT – Science (Working Scientifically)

'Working scientifically' is described separately at the beginning of the programme of study, but must always be taught through and clearly related to substantive science content in the programme of study.

Children should be able to:	Children should be able to:	Children should be able to:	Children should be able to:	Children should be able to:	Children should be able to:	Children should be able to:	Children should be able to:	Children should be able to:
		10-76 M2	Mr - March	3.0				
Recall the	Recall the	Recall the	Recall the	Recall the	Recall the	Recall the	Recall the	Recall the
knowledge specified	knowledge specified	knowledge specified	knowledge specified	knowledge specified	knowledge specified	knowledge specified	knowledge specified	knowledge specifie
within the KKPDs	within the KKPDs	within the KKPDs	within the KKPDs	within the KKPDs	within the KKPDs	within the KKPDs	within the KKPDs	within the KKPDs
for Nursery	for Reception	for Year 1	f <mark>or Year</mark> 2	for Year 3	for Year 4	for Year 5	for Year 6	for Year 7
Use simple scientific	Use a wider range	Use appropriate	Use appropriate	Use appropriate	Use appropriate	Use appropriate	Use appropriate	Use appropriate
vocabulary	of scientific	scientific language	scientific language	scientific language	scientific language	scientific language	scientific language	scientific language
	vocabulary	from the Year 1	from the Year 2	from the Year 3	from the Year 4	from the Year 5	from the Year 6	from the Year 7
Ask 'who', 'what' and 'why' questions	Make simple	national curriculum	national curriculum	national curriculum	national curriculum	national curriculum	national curriculum	national curricului
about what they	observations and	Ask their own	Ask their own	Ask their own	Independently, ask	Describe and	Competently	Describe and
see	explain why things	simple questions.	simple questions	questions about the	their own questions	evaluate their own	generate their own	evaluate how
SEE	occur talking about	simple questions.	about what they	scientific	about the scientific	and others'	scientific questions	scientific theories
Communicate orally	changes	Observe changes	observe	phenomena that	phenomena that	scientific ideas	select the most	change over time
what is happening	11. 11	over time and with	Observe	they are studying	they are studying	related to topics in	appropriate enquiry	change over time.
what is happening	Ask questions such	some support	Observe and explain	and select the most	and select the most	the national	to answer their own	Generate their ov
	as 'who; why;	gather and record	changes over time	appropriate enquiry	appropriate enquiry	curriculum	scientific questions.,	
	when; where and	data	and gather and	to answer this with	to answer their own	(including ideas that	recognising and	lines of scientific
	how'	uata	record data	support	scientific questions	have changed over	controlling variables	enquiry, identifyiı
	site of a	Use simple	Tecord data	Support	scientific questions	time) using	where necessary	the dependent ar
	Make simple	equipment with	Use simple	Observe and explain	Observe changes	evidence from a	where necessary	independent
	recordings of data	some support	equipment to	changes over	over different	range of sources	Competently	variables
	1000	where appropriate,	answer questions	different periods of	periods of time with	range of sources	observe changes	
		to answer questions	unswer questions	time with some	reduced support	Confidently	over different	Choose and
		de unorrer questions	Notice patterns	support		generate their own	periods of time to	accurately use
		Notice patterns,	through scientific	support	Through	questions about the	notice patterns or	appropriate
		with support,	enguiry with	Make observations	independent	scientific	group and	
	100 500	through scientific	reduced support	to notice patterns	observations, notice	phenomena that	classifying things	techniques and a
		enquiry		or to group things	patterns to group	they are studying		wider range of
			Group and classify	with increasing	and classify things	and select the most	Carry out	scientific equipme
		Group and classify	things with reduced	independence		appropriate enquiry	comparative and	
		things with support	support		Carry out	to answer their own	fair tests	Present data using
		0 11	Q	Find things out	comparative and	questions,	(considering change	the most
		Carry out simple	Carry out simple	using secondary	fair tests	recognising	and continuity)	appropriate meth
		comparative tests	comparative tests	sources	(considering change	variables where		and explain data
		with some support	with reduced	1. 1. 6	and continuity)	necessary	Find things out	•
		with some support	support	Use scientific			independently using	using scientific
		10-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-		equipment with	Find things out	Independently	a wide range of	understanding
		Find things out	Find things out	support to take	independently using	observe changes	secondary sources	
		using secondary	using secondary	measurements or	a wide range of	over different	Secondary Sources	Evaluate data, an
		sources of	sources of	readings,	secondary sources	periods of time,		method and ident
		information with	information with	10 100		noticing patterns or	Use a wide range of	potential random
		some support	reduced support	Gather and record	Use a wide range of	to group and	scientific equipment	and systematic
		N.C. N		data and results to	scientific equipment to take	classify things	confidently to take accurate and	errors

Strand	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7
			Communicate their ideas, what they do and what they find out in a variety of ways with some support	Communicate their ideas, what they do and what they find out in a variety of ways with reduced support	answer a scientific question Draw simple conclusions (including cause and consequence), and communicate verbally using scientific language	measurements or readings Gather and record data and results in a variety of ways to answer a scientific question Draw simple conclusions (including cause and consequence and change and continuity) and communicate them in a written form Raise further questions that could be investigated, based on their data and observations	Carry out comparative and fair tests (considering change and continuity) Use a wide range of scientific equipment confidently to take increasingly accurate and precise measurements or readings, with repeat readings where appropriate Record data and results with increasingly complexity such as scientific diagrams and labels, scatter graphs and bar graphs Draw conclusions, and explain their methods and findings, communicating these in a variety of ways (including comments on cause and consequence, change and continuity and similarity and difference)	precise measurements or readings, with repeat readings where appropriate Record data and results with increasing complexity such as classification keys, tables and line graphs Draw conclusions, explain and evaluate their methods and findings, communicating these in a variety of ways (including comments on cause and consequence, change and continuity and difference)	